Intersections

- 1. Streets shall be laid out so as to intersect as nearly as possible at right angles, and no street should intersect any other street at an angle less than sixty-five (65) degrees.
- 2. Property lines at intersections should be set so that the distance from the edge of pavement, of the street turnout, to the property line will be at least as great as the distance from the edge of pavement to the property line along the intersecting streets. This property line can be etablished as a radius or as a sight triangle. Greater offsets from the edge of pavement to the property lines will be required, if necessary, to provide sight distance for the stopped vehicle on the side street.
- 3. Offset intersections are to be avoided. Intersections that cannot be aligned should be separated by a minimum length of 200 feet between survey centerlines.

Cul-de-sacs

Cul-de-sacs shall not be more than 500 feet in length. The distance from the edge of pavement on the vehicular turn around to the right-of-way line should not be less than the distance from the edge of pavement to right-of-way line on the street approaching the turn around. Cul-de-sacs should not be used to avoid connection with an existing street or to avoid the extension of an important street.

Alleys

- Alleys shall be required to serve lots used for commercial and industrial purposes except that
 this requirement may be waived where other definite and assured provisions are mode for
 service access. Alleys shall not be provided in residential subdivisions unless necessitated by
 unusual circumstances.
- 2. The width of an alley shall be at least 20 feet.
- 3. Dead-end alleys shall be avoided where possible, but if unavoidable, shall be provided with adequate turn around as may be required by the planning board.

Permits for Connection to State Roads

An approved permit is required for connection to any existing state system road. This permit is required prior to any construction on the street or road. The application is available at the office of the District Engineer of the Division of Highways.

Offsets To Utility Poles

Poles for overhead utilities should be located clear of roadway shoulders, preferably a minimum of at least 30 feet form the edge of pavement. On streets with curb and gutter, utility poles shall be set back a minimum distance of 6 feet from the face of curb.

Wheel Chair Ramps

All street curbs being constructed or reconstructed for maintenance purposes, traffic operations, repairs, correction of utilities, or altered for any reason, shall provide wheelchair ramps for the